Brijon’s Pit Bull Method for Dummies:

Step 1: Enter the following five buys and five sells into your MT4 platform:

Buys:

AUD/USD
NZD/USD
EUR/GBP
EUR/USD
GBP/USD

Sells:

USD/JPY
NZD/JPY
EUR/JPY
GBP/JPY
AUD/JPY

The above ten trades are your “indicator dashboard” or your “indicator trades.”

Step 2: Click on the “Profit” column so that the highest loss is on the top and the lowest loss (or greatest profit) is on the bottom.

Step 3: A few hours after you have put the above 5 buys and 5 sells on, you should see a profit (or very small loss) on the bottom line. This is the first currency pair you are going to trade.

The way that you trade this bottom line currency pair is to check to make sure the bottom line currency pair is stable in profit. In other words, that currency pair may alternate between negative and positive for a while, but once it remains positive then enter an order that is a *little bigger* than your 10 previous "indicator trades."

The bottom line tells you which direction to enter the currency pair on the bottom. Simply go in the direction of the bottom line currency pair. If it is a buy (such as AUD/USD or any of the other four buys) then you enter your first order long. If it is a sell (such as USD/JPY or any of the other four sells) then you enter your first order short. This order is for .04 lots.

Here is an example: let's say a few hours after active trading your “indicator trades” are showing AUD/USD on the bottom line, and that currency pair is showing a small profit, and remaining profitable. You would then simply enter your first real order as a buy on AUD/USD, and use a bigger lot size than your “indicator trades.” If you use .01 lots on your ten “indicator trades” then use .04 lots on your first real trade (long AUD/USD).